

2020 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return

Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your provincial tax deductions.

Fill out this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances.

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|---|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Last name | First name and initial(s) | Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD) | Employee number |
| Address | Postal code | For non-residents only – Country of permanent residence | Social insurance number |
| <p>1. Basic personal amount – Every person employed in Saskatchewan and every pensioner residing in Saskatchewan can claim this amount. If you will have more than one employer or payer at the same time in 2020, see "More than one employer or payer at the same time" on page 2.</p> | | | 16,065 |
| <p>2. Age amount – If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2020, and your net income from all sources will be \$36,430 or less, enter \$4,894. If your net income for the year will be between \$36,430 and \$69,057 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1SK-WS, Worksheet for the 2020 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return, and fill in the appropriate section.</p> | | | |
| <p>3. Senior Supplementary amount – If you are a resident of Saskatchewan who will be 65 or older on December 31, 2020, enter \$1,292.</p> | | | |
| <p>4. Pension income amount – If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (excluding Canada Pension Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Guaranteed Income Supplement payments), enter \$1,000 or your estimated annual pension income, whichever is less.</p> | | | |
| <p>5. Disability amount – If you will claim the disability amount on your income tax and benefit return by using Form T2201, Disability Tax Credit Certificate, enter \$9,464.</p> | | | |
| <p>6. Spouse or common-law partner amount – If you are supporting your spouse or common-law partner who lives with you and whose net income for the year will be \$1,607 or less, enter \$16,065. If their net income for the year will be between \$1,607 and \$17,672 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1SK-WS and fill in the appropriate section.</p> | | | |
| <p>7. Amount for an eligible dependant – If you do not have a spouse or common-law partner and you support a dependant relative who lives with you and whose net income for the year will be \$1,607 or less, enter \$16,065. If their net income for the year will be between \$1,607 and \$17,672 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1SK-WS and fill in the appropriate section.</p> | | | |
| <p>8. Child amount – If you are supporting a child who will be under the age of 18 at any time during 2020, enter \$6,094 for each child. You cannot claim an amount for a child you claimed on line 7 or a child claimed by another person as a dependant. If you have a spouse or common-law partner, the parent with the lower net income must make the claim.</p> | | | |
| <p>9. Caregiver amount – If you are taking care of a dependant who lives with you, whose net income for the year will be \$16,164 or less, and who is either your or your spouse's or common-law partner's:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • parent or grandparent (aged 65 or older) • relative (aged 18 or older) who is dependent on you because of an infirmity, enter \$9,464 <p>If the dependant's net income for the year will be between \$16,164 and \$25,628 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1SK-WS and fill in the appropriate section.</p> | | | |
| <p>10. Amount for infirm dependants age 18 or older – If you are supporting an infirm dependant aged 18 or older who is your or your spouse's or common-law partner's relative, who lives in Canada, and whose net income for the year will be \$6,715 or less, enter \$9,464. You cannot claim an amount for a dependant you claimed on line 9. If the dependant's net income for the year will be between \$6,715 and \$16,179 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1SK-WS and fill in the appropriate section.</p> | | | |
| <p>11. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner – If your spouse or common-law partner will not use all of their age amount, senior supplementary amount, pension income amount, disability amount, or child amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount.</p> | | | |
| <p>12. Amounts transferred from a dependant – If your dependant will not use all of their disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount.</p> | | | |
| <p>13. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT – Add lines 1 to 12. Your employer or payer will use this amount to determine the amount of your provincial tax deductions.</p> | | | |

Filling out Form TD1SK

Fill out this form **only** if you are an employee working in Saskatchewan or a pensioner residing in Saskatchewan and any of the following apply:

- you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance benefits, or any other remuneration
- you want to change amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed)
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source

Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.

If you do not fill out Form TD1SK, your employer or payer will deduct taxes after allowing the basic personal amount **only**.

More than one employer or payer at the same time

If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another Form TD1SK for 2020, you **cannot claim them again**. If your total income from all sources will be **more** than the personal tax credits you claimed on another Form TD1SK, **check** this box, enter "0" on line 13 and do not fill in lines 2 to 12.

Total income less than total claim amount

Check this box if your total income for the year from **all** employers and payers will be **less** than your total claim amount on line 13. Then your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

Additional tax to be deducted

If you wish to have more tax deducted, fill in "Additional tax to be deducted" on the federal Form TD1.

Reduction in tax deductions

You can ask to have less tax deducted on your income tax and benefit return if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, and tuition and education amounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.

Forms and publications

To get our forms and publications, go to canada.ca/cra-forms-publications or call **1-800-959-5525**.

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be used or disclosed for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. It may also be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have the right to access their personal information, request correction, or file a complaint to the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of the individual's personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on Info Source at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

Certification

I certify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.

Signature _____

Date _____

It is a serious offence to make a false return.